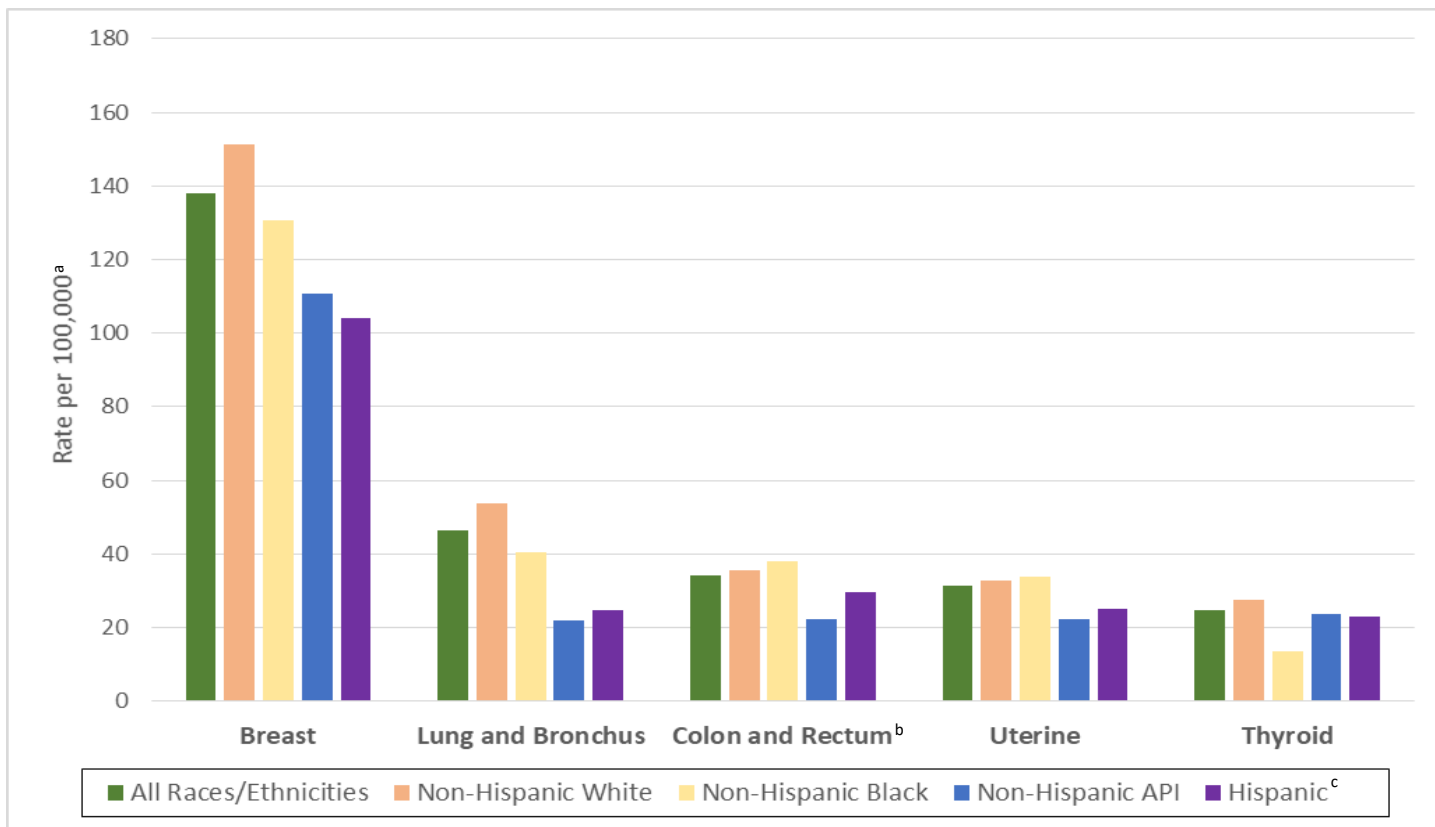


Five Leading Sites of New Cancer Cases: Rates by Sex, Race and Ethnicity, 2018-2022

New Jersey Females

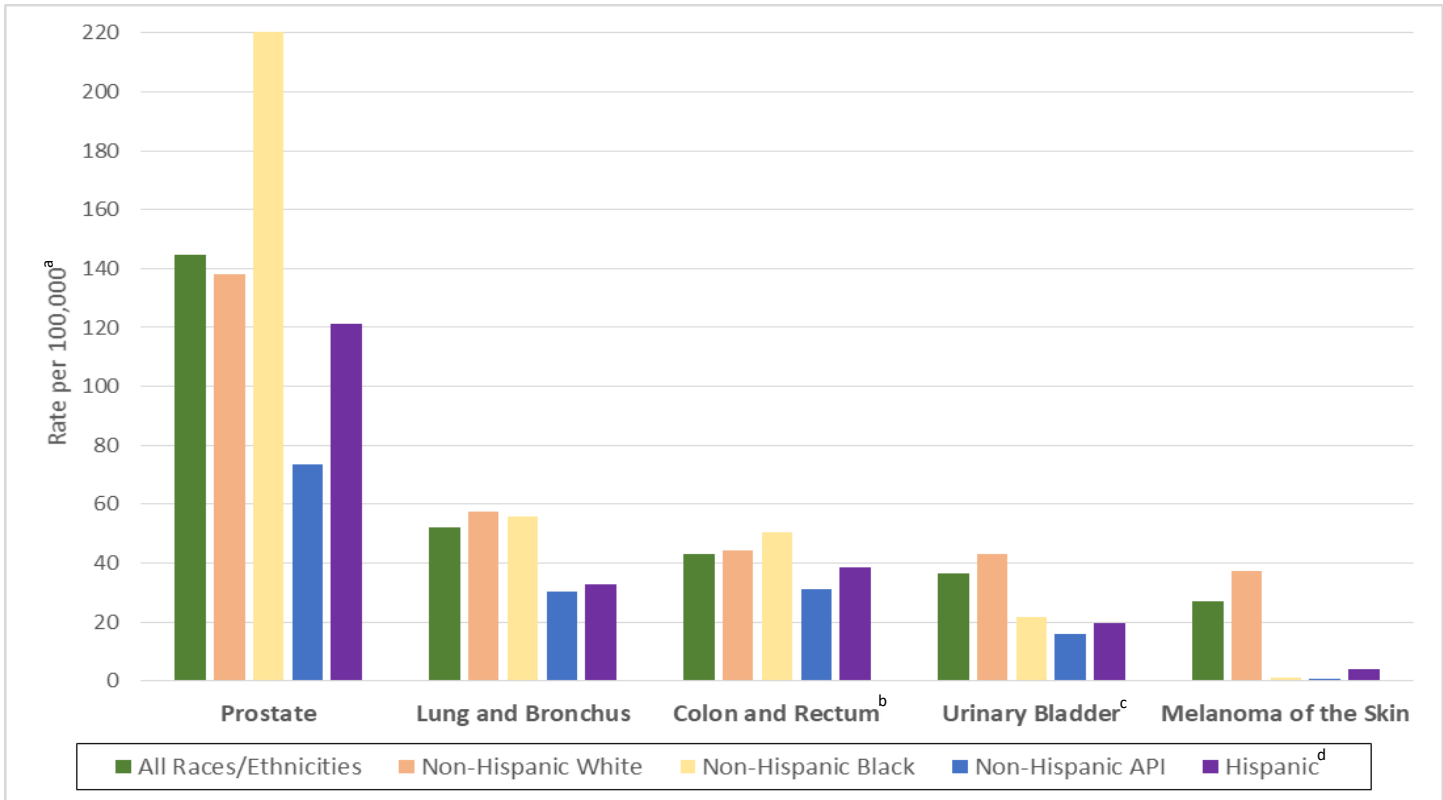


Abbreviations: API, Asian or Pacific Islander Source: New Jersey State Cancer Registry February, 14, 2025 file, New Jersey Department of Health. ^aAverage annual rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 US Standard Population (age <1 and 90+-Census P25-1130). Note that there was an approximate 10% decrease in the number of cancer cases diagnosed in 2020 compared to 2019, partly due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Uterine cancer is also referred to as Corpus and Uterus, NOS. ^bIncludes appendix. ^cPersons of Hispanic ethnicity may be of any race or combination of races.

- Breast cancer continues to be the most common cancer diagnosed among New Jersey females. Non-Hispanic White females had the highest rate of new cases (incidence) of breast cancer, and non-Hispanic Black females had the second highest rate. Lower rates are seen for non-Hispanic API and Hispanic females.
- Non-Hispanic White females had the highest rate of new lung cancer cases, followed by non-Hispanic Black females. Hispanic and non-Hispanic API females continue to have lower lung cancer rates.
- The highest rate of new cases of colon and rectum cancer was seen for Non-Hispanic Black females, while non-Hispanic API females continue to have the lowest rate.
- Non-Hispanic White and Black females had similar rates of new cases of uterine cancer, having the two highest rates among these race and ethnicity groups while non-Hispanic API females had the lowest rate.
- The highest rate of new cases of thyroid cancer was seen for Non-Hispanic White females while non-Hispanic Black females continued to have the lowest rate among these groups.

Five Leading Sites of New Cancer Cases: Rates by Sex, Race and Ethnicity, 2018-2022

New Jersey Males



Abbreviations: API, Asian or Pacific Islander. Source: New Jersey State Cancer Registry February, 14, 2025 file, New Jersey Department of Health. ^aAverage annual rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 US Standard Population (age <1 and 90+-Census P25-1130). Note that there was an approximate 10% decrease in the number of cancer cases diagnosed in 2020 compared to 2019, partly due to the COVID-19 pandemic. ^bIncludes appendix. ^cIncludes *in situ*. ^dPersons of Hispanic ethnicity may be of any race or combination of races.

- Prostate cancer continues to be the most common cancer diagnosed among New Jersey males. Non-Hispanic Black males had the highest rate of new cancer cases (incidence), more than one and a half times higher than rates for non-Hispanic White or Hispanic males and more than three times higher than for non-Hispanic API males.
- Non-Hispanic White and Black males had similar rates of new cases of lung cancer, having the two highest rates among these race and ethnicity groups while Hispanic and non-Hispanic API males had lowest rates.
- Non-Hispanic Black males continue to have the highest rate of new cases of colon and rectum cancer, while non-Hispanic API males continue to have the lowest rate.
- Non-Hispanic White males continue to have the highest rate of new cases of urinary bladder cancer and non-Hispanic API males continue to have the lowest rate.
- Non-Hispanic White males also had a much higher rate of new cases of melanoma of the skin as compared to the other racial and ethnic groups.

The New Jersey State Cancer Registry (NJSCR) Data Guidelines, containing comprehensive data analysis methods, race and ethnicity classification, population and mortality data sources, and additional information can be found at: nj.gov/health/ces/reports.shtml.

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